Triangles isocèles de périmètre donné

Fiche Professeur

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(%i1) f(x) := x * sqrt (64-16*x);
(%o1) f(x) := x \sqrt{64-16 x}
[ (%i2) f1:diff(f(x),x,1);
(%02) \sqrt{64-16 \times} - \frac{8 \times}{\sqrt{64-16 \times}}
(%i3) f1(x):=f1;
(%o3) f1(x):=f1
(%i4) f1(x);
(%o4) \sqrt{64-16 x} - \frac{8 x}{\sqrt{64-16 x}}
(\%i5) solve([f1(x)=0], [x]);
 (\%05) [x = \frac{8}{3}]
(%i6) f(8/3);
(%o6) \frac{64}{3\sqrt{3}}
(%i7) float(%), numer;
(%o7) 12.31680574271202
⟨%i8⟩ 8-8/3;
(%o8) <sup>16</sup>/<sub>3</sub>
(%i9) e1:f(x)=12;
(%o9) \sqrt{64-16} \times x = 12
(%i10) e2:e1^2;
(%o10) (64 - 16 x)x^2 = 144
[(%i11) e3:e2-144;
(%o11) (64-16 \times) \times^2 - 144 = 0
[ (%i12) e4:expand(e3);
 (\$012) - 16 x^3 + 64 x^2 - 144 = 0 
(%i14) e5:factor(e4);
(%o14) -16(x-3)(x^2-x-3)=0
(%i15) solve([e5=0],[x]);

(%o15) [x = -\frac{\sqrt{13}-1}{2}, x = \frac{\sqrt{13}+1}{2}, x = 3]
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